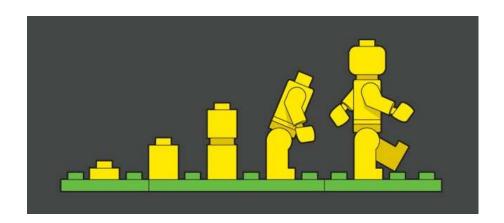
Version Control







What you will learn today

- What version control is
- Why you need it (or maybe you don't?)
- Session 1: basic concepts
- Session 2: remote hosting
- Session 3: team working
- Up and running with tools and account





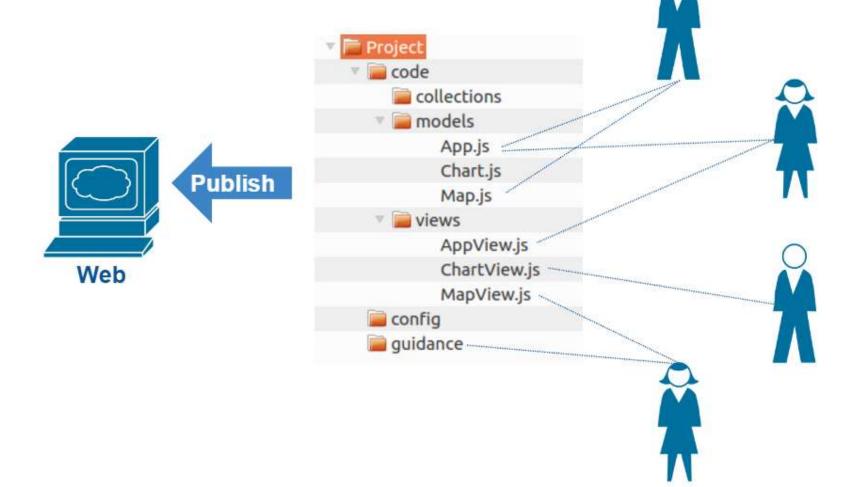
What is version control?

- 'Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later'
- Great free book: https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2
- Excellent Atlassian tutorial: https://www.atlassian.com/git/tutorials/what-is-version-control





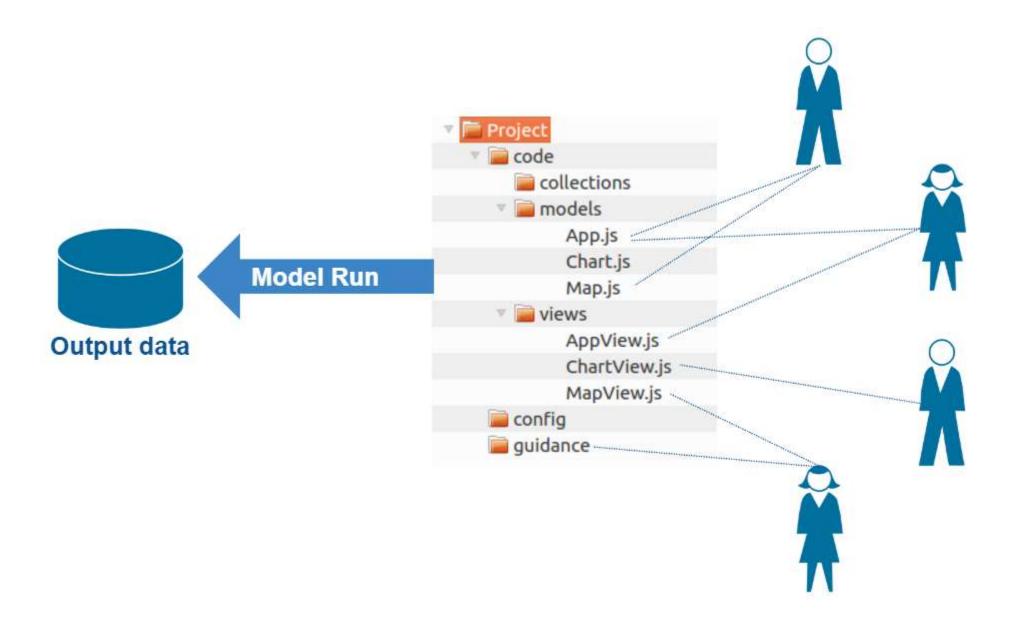
Typical scenario in our group







Typical scenario with a model run?



What do you want from version control?

Recovery

Reproducibility

Track changes

Audit and Traceability

Funding requirement

Safety and resilience

Collaboration

Experiments on code





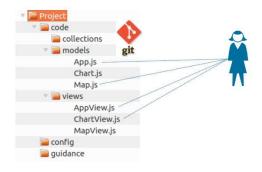




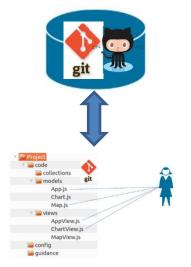


Three learning goals in three sessions

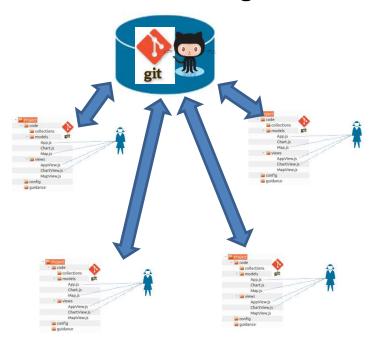
Session 1
Basic principles



Session 2
Remote hosting



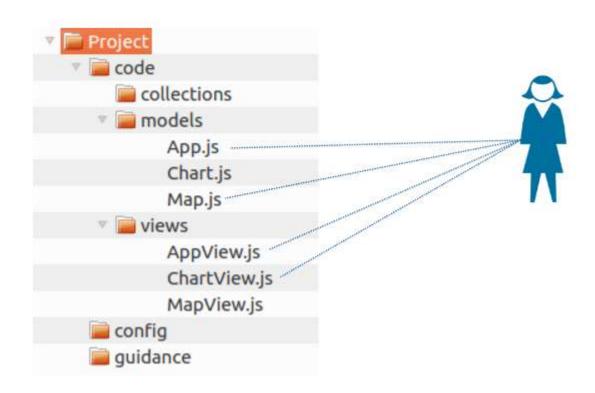
Session 3
Team working







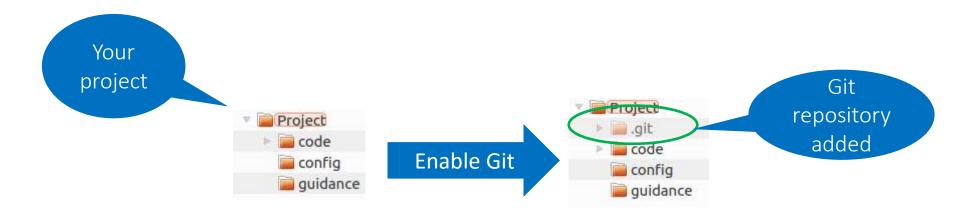
Version control a set of files on my local drive







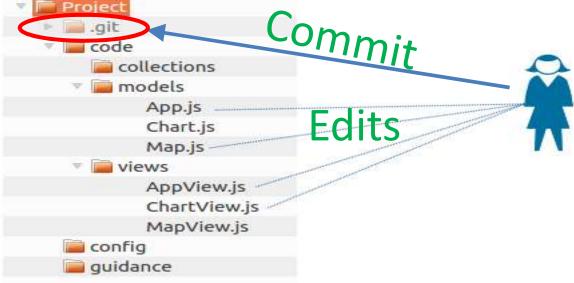
Add Git to your project







- After editing project files, save your changes to Git
- This is called Committing
- Git does not automatically save your changes
- Committing records who did what when

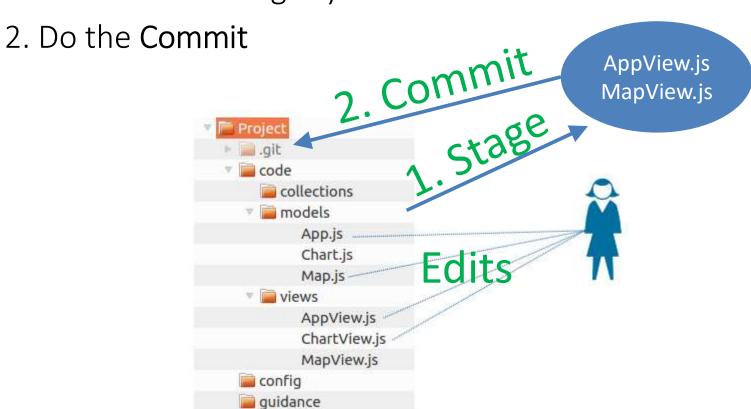






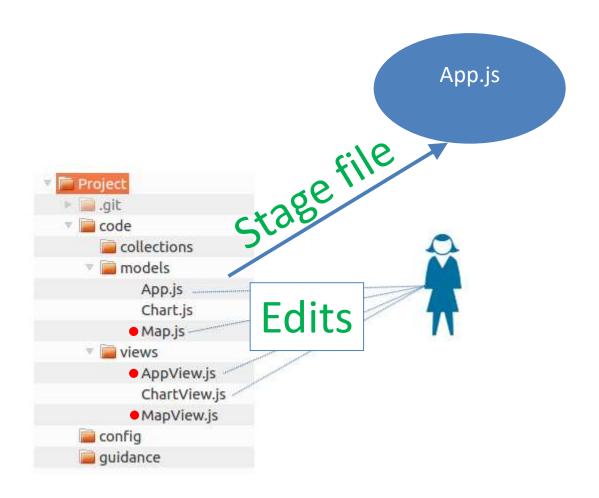
Committing is a two step process:

1. Choose the changes you want in the commit – called **Staging**



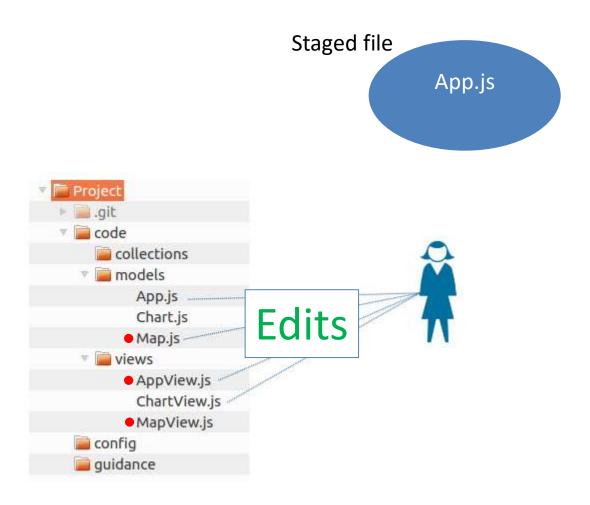






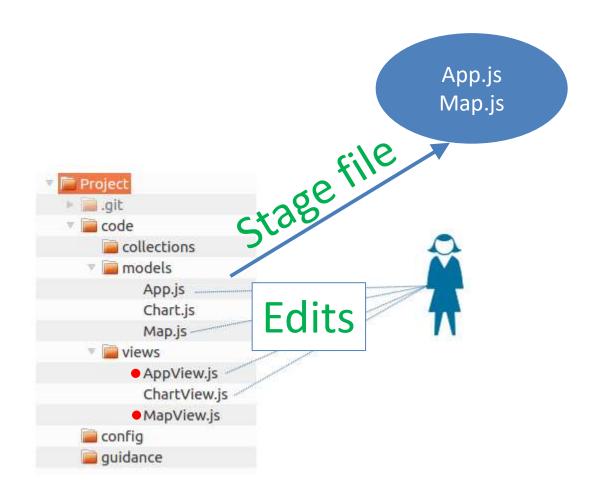






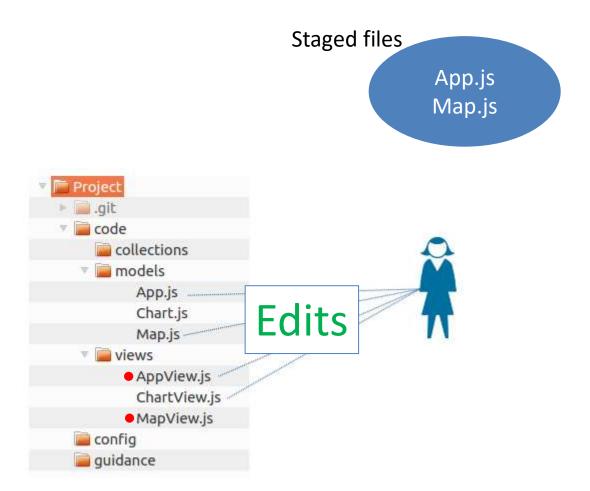










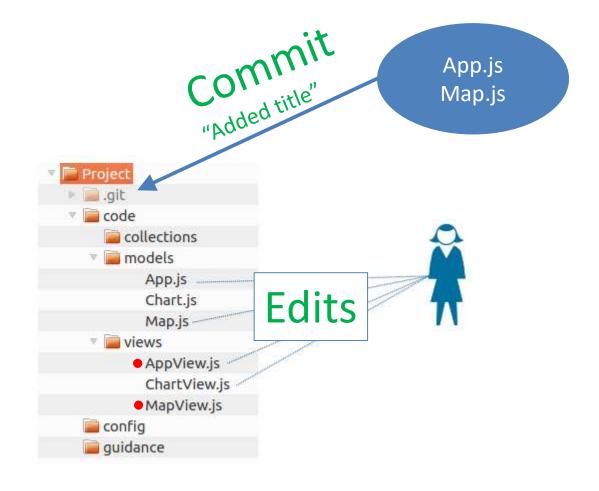






Commit log

1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*

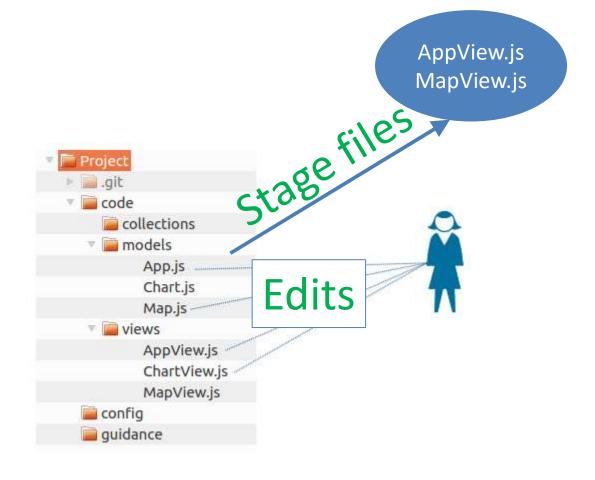






Commit log

1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*



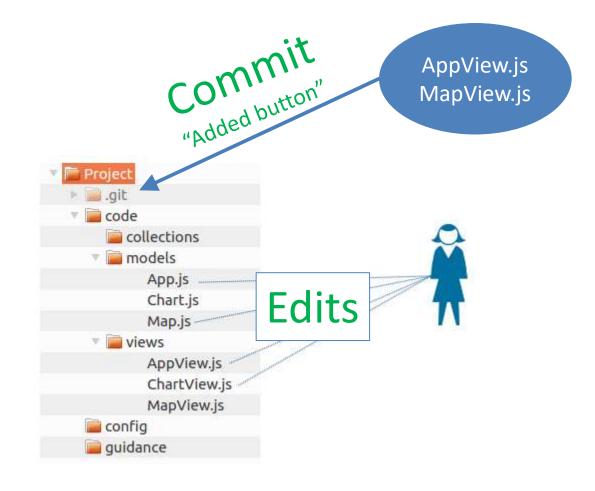




Commit log

1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*

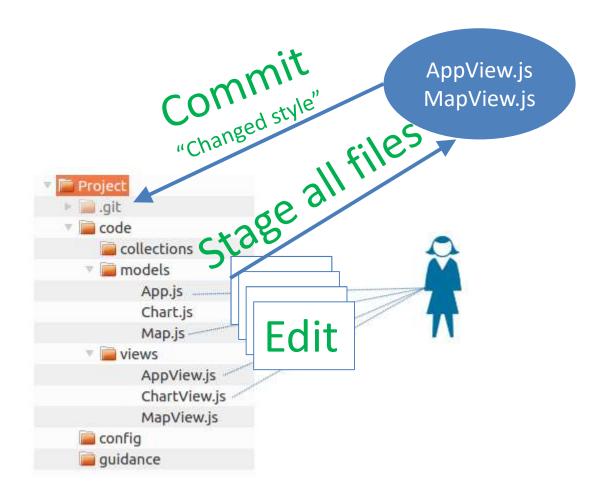
2 Added button *Jon 01-04-2017 14:47*







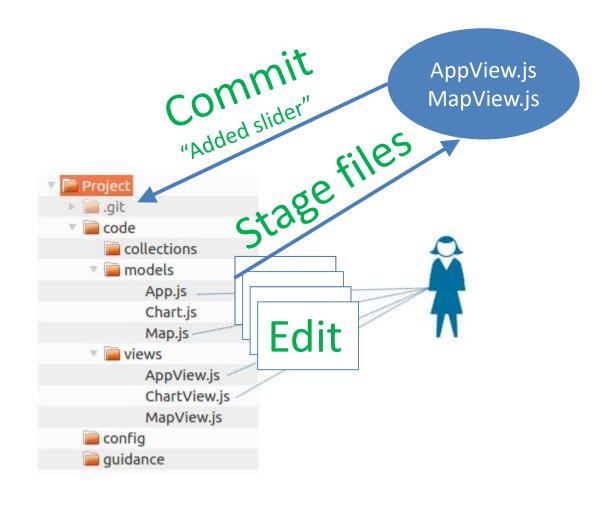
- 1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*
- 2 Added button *Jon 01-04-2017 14:47*
- 3 Changed style *Jon 01-04-2017 15:23*







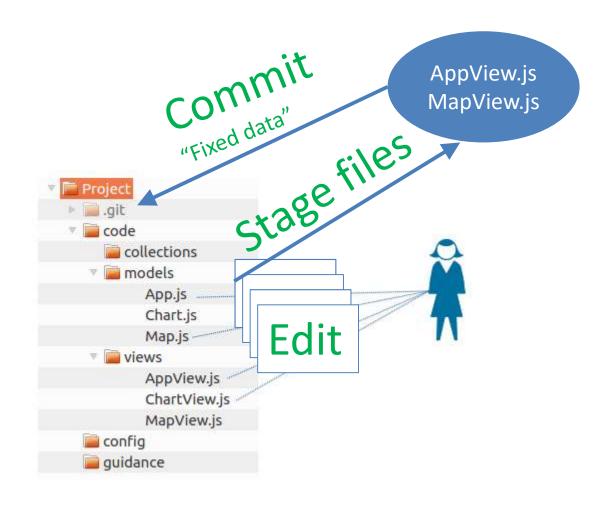
- 1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*
- 2 Added button *Jon 01-04-2017 14:47*
- 3 Changed style *Jon 01-04-2017 15:23*
- 4 Added slider *Jon 03-04-2017 08:32*







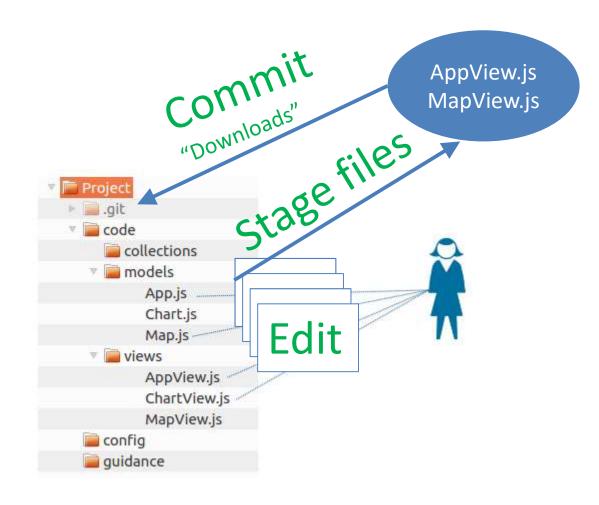
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- 2 Added button *Jon 01-04-2017 14:47*
- 3 Changed style *Jon 01-04-2017 15:23*
- 4 Added slider *Jon* 03-04-2017 08:32
- 5 Fixed data *Jon 03-04-2017 10:15*







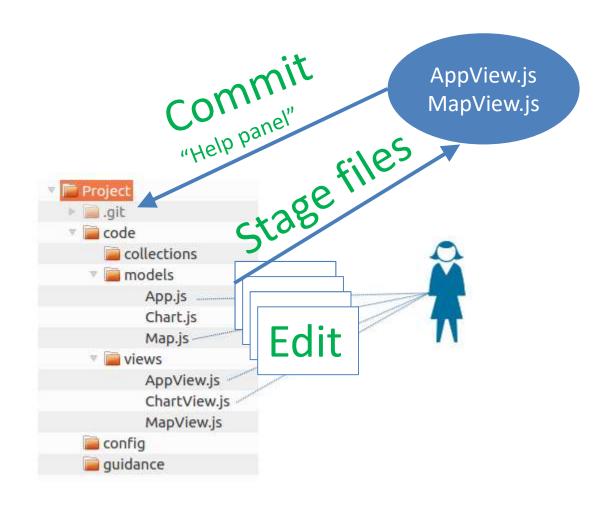
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- 7 Help panel *Jon 03-04-2017 13:27*







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- 4 Added slider *Jon 03-04-2017 08:32*
- 5 Fixed data Jon 03-04-2017 10:15
- 6 Downloads *Jon 03-04-2017 10:15*
- 7 Help panel *Jon 03-04-2017 13:27*

- Snapshot of files at each commit
- Who did what when
- Checkout previous version



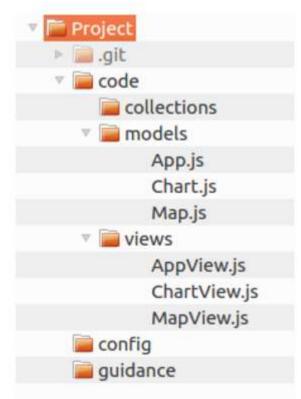


Commit log

- 1 Added title *Jon 01-04-2017 13:42*
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 - 4 Added slider Jon 03-04-2017 08:32
 - 5 Fixed data *Jon 03-04-2017 10:15*
 - 6 Downloads Jon 03-04-2017 10:15
 - 7 Help panel *Jon 03-04-2017 13:27*



All files as they were at commit 3

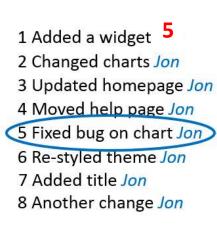


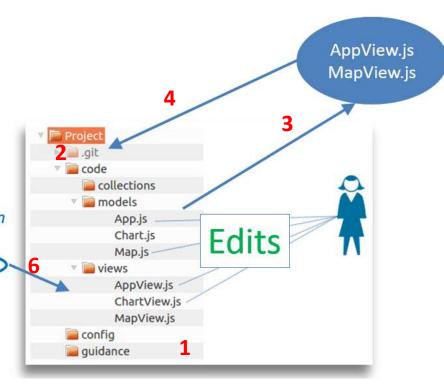
Working copy





- 1 Working copy
- 2 Git repository
- 3 Stage files
- 4 Commit files
- 5 Commit log
- 6 Checkout



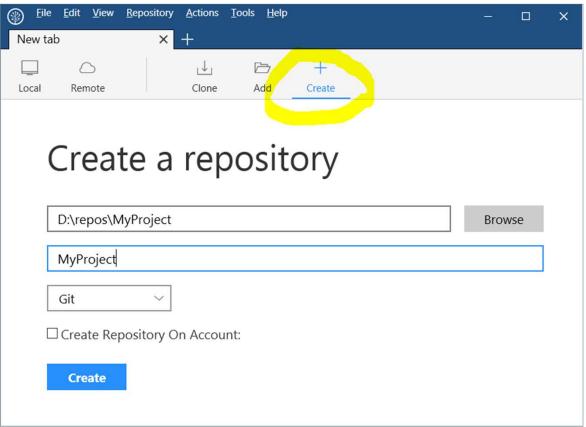






All exercises use SourceTree

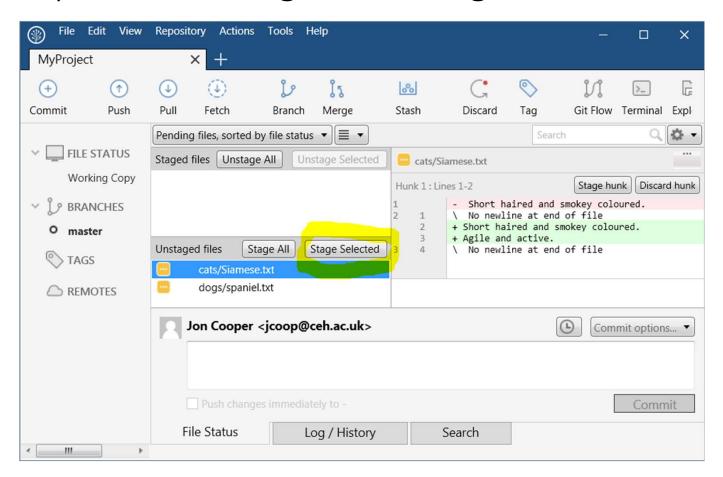
https://nerc-ceh.github.io/version control/install sourcetree windows







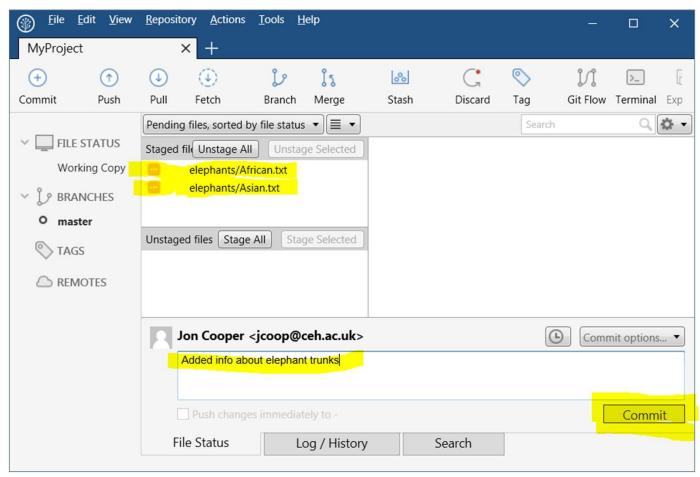
Example of selecting files to stage in SourceTree







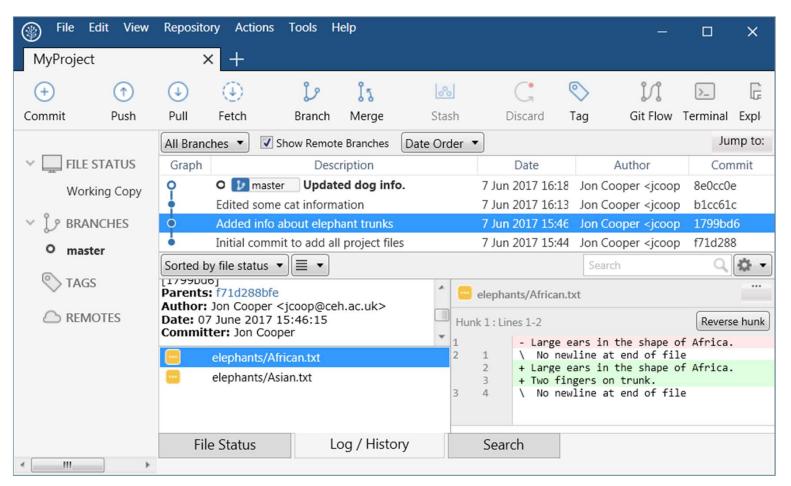
Example of committing staged files







Example of viewing the commit log







Exercise 1

https://nerc-ceh.github.io/version_control/exercise1

- Enable Git on a folder
- Review the status of files in the folder
- Repeatedly edit files and add your changes to Git
- Review changes
- Checkout a previous version of your changes
- Apply a tag to a specific version for future reference
- Exclude files from version control





Github.com







Others are available

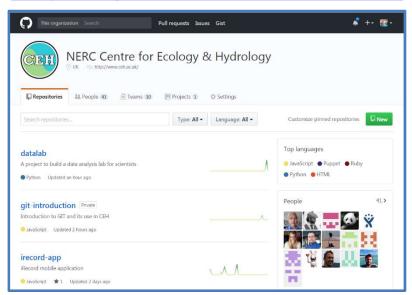
- Gitlab
- Stash
- Bitbucket
- etc...





- Register with Github.com
- Free for public and open source projects
- Join the NERC-CEH organisation on Github for free CEH *private* projects

https://github.com/NERC-CEH



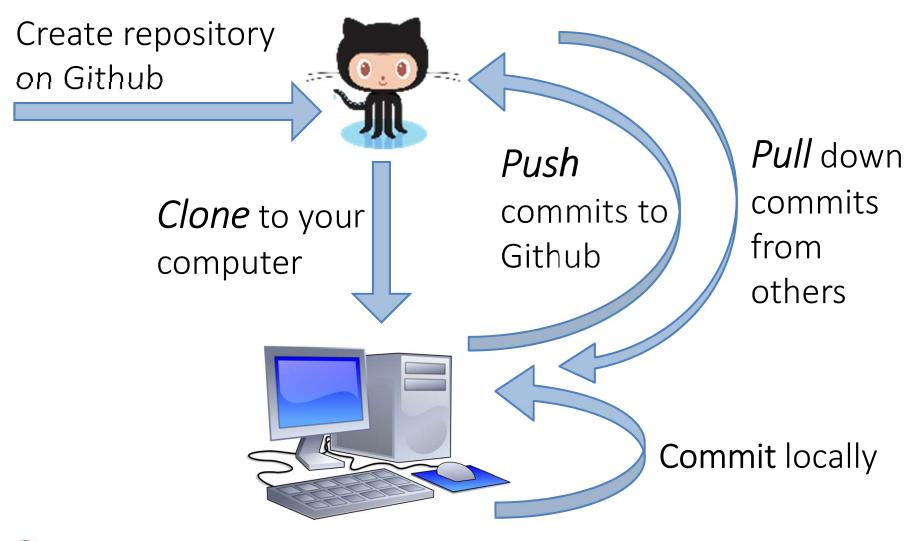




- Create empty repository on Github
- Download a local copy called Cloning
- Work locally just as you did in session 1, committing your changes
- Periodically synchronise with Github using *Push* and *Pull*











Session 2: Remote repository

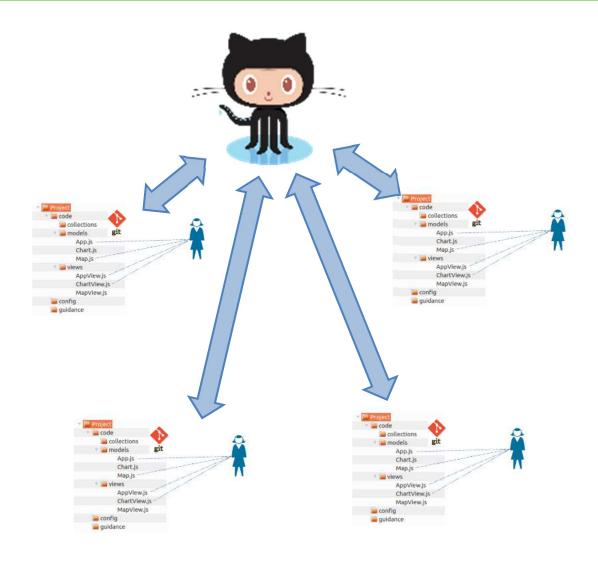
Exercise 2

https://nerc-ceh.github.io/version_control/exercise2

- Register with Github
- Join the NERC-CEH organisation
- Create a repository in the NERC-CEH organisation
- Clone it on local machine and commit changes
- Push repository state to Github











- Collaborating in Github
- Branching and merging
- Sharing changes
- Conflict resolution
- Pull requests and quality control





Add collaborators to your private Github repository

- Send invitation to collaborators via Github
- Collaborators have Push (write) access to repository
- More details here:

https://help.github.com/articles/inviting-collaborators-to-a-personal-repository





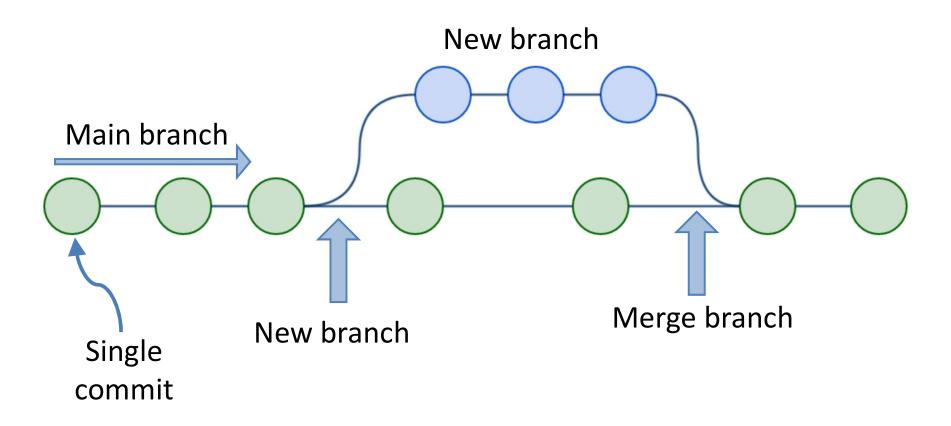
Branching and merging

- A Branch is a parallel line of development in repository
- Keeps work off main branch until it is ready
- *Merging* is the process of putting the changes on that branch back into the main branch





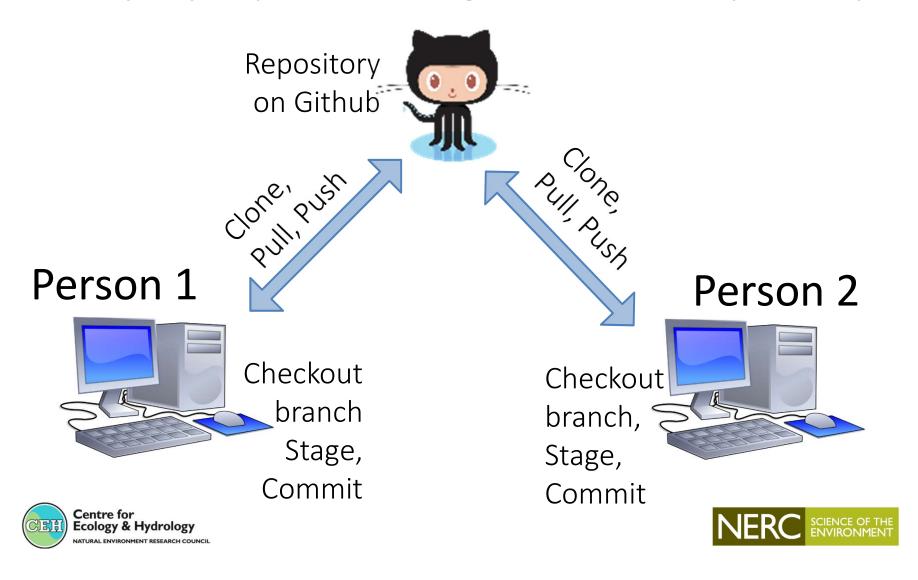
Branching and merging







Multiple people accessing one Github repository



Conflict resolution

- Two collaborators edit the same text in the same file
- Person 1 Pushes their change to Github
- Person 2 Pulls down changes and gets a Conflict
- Person 2 cannot Push to Github until it is resolved
- Conflict must be edited and marked as Resolved
- Demonstrated in exercise
- Merge tools available to help



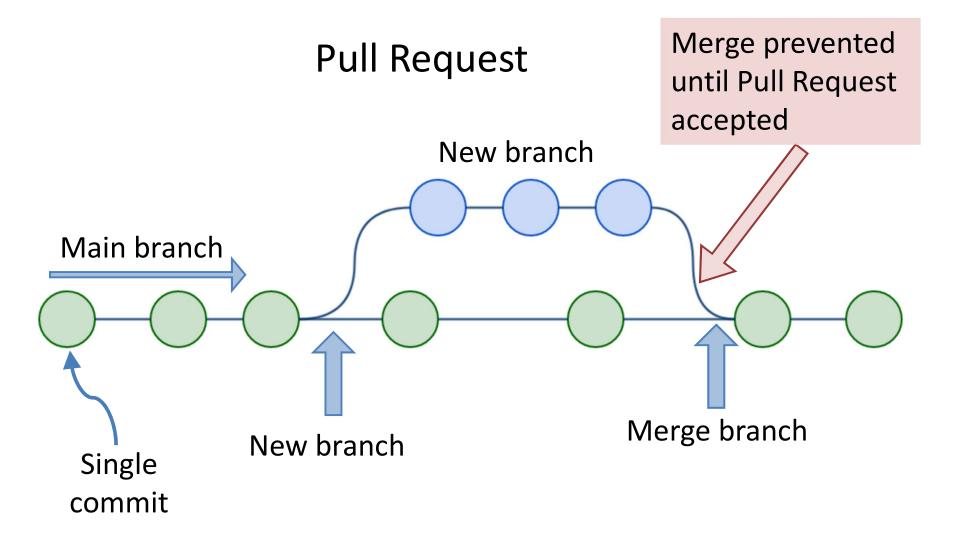


Pull Request

- Pull Request is a Quality Assurance step around a Merge
- Lets collaborators know a branch is ready to be merged into the main branch
- Changes can be reviewed, discussed, altered, etc
- Branch merged only when Pull Request is accepted











Exercise 3

https://nerc-ceh.github.io/version_control/exercise3

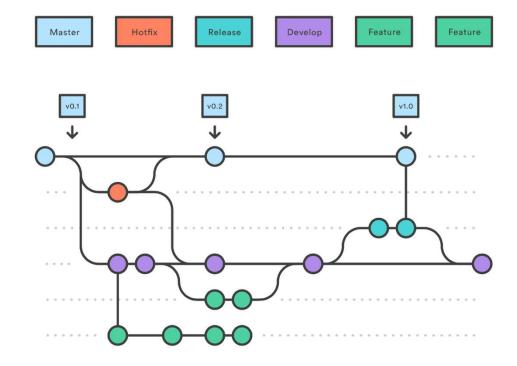
- Invite collaborators to your repository
- Work as a team on a new branch
- Create and resolve conflicts
- Issue and accept a pull request



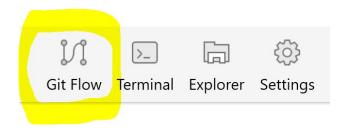


Workflows

• Gitflow



• Available in SourceTree:







More than just version control

- Integrates with issue management
 - Branches matched to issues
- Workflows triggered by commits, pull requests, etc.
 - Automates unit and integration tests
 - Automates deployment to servers
- Open sourcing
 - Promotes collaboration and quality
 - Increases reputation





SVN to GIT

To move from SVN to GIT without keeping history

- Create new repository in github.com/NERC-CEH (exercise 2 step
 2)
- 2. Clone it to your local drive (exercise 2 step 3)
- 3. Use SVN Export to get clean copy of your code from SVN into your new local git repository
- 4. Use git add, git commit and git push to get all those files into your github.com repository
- Give your team members access to your new github repository (exercise 3 step 2)
- 6. Team members can now clone your repository and they are up and running in git



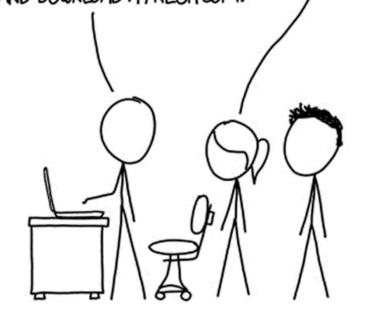


Cheat sheet

git clone
git checkout
git add
git commit
git pull
git push
git branch
git merge

THIS IS GIT. IT TRACKS COLLABORATIVE WORK ON PROJECTS THROUGH A BEAUTIFUL DISTRIBUTED GRAPH THEORY TREE MODEL. COOL. HOU DO WE USE IT?

NO IDEA. JUST MEMORIZE THESE SHELL COMMANDS AND TYPE THEM TO SYNC UP. IF YOU GET ERRORS, SAVE YOUR WORK ELSEWHERE, DELETE THE PROJECT, AND DOWNLOAD A FRESH COPY.



Git repository in a mess?

- 1. Rename the root folder
- 2. Clone a new copy from github.com
- 3. With original files to help, make edits to files in new repo
- Delete original when happy



